Course title	A SYSTEMIC APPROACH TO INTONATION
Category (Mention	a. Existing course without changes
the appropriate	
category (a/b/c) in the	
course description.) Course code	MALINGE513
Semester	III
Number of credits	4
Maximum intake	30
Day/Time Name of the teacher/s	Tuesday & Thursday: 9.00 – 11.00 am Dr. Meena C. Debashish
	Introduction:
Course description	
	The course introduces the Systemic Functional Linguistic approach to the study of English intonation, where intonation is considered to be part of grammar; a
	trinocular principle is adopted to study the systems of INTONATION as realizing
	the systems of LEXICOGRAMMAR for construing the systems of SEMANTICS
	in specific contexts of situations and culture.
	in specific contexts of situations and culture.
	Course Objectives:
	The main purpose of this course is to equip students with two skills for studying
	and applying the metafunctions of the systems of INTONATION of English: The
	Systemic Functional model of intonation, and PRAAT, a speech analysis software.
	The secondary purpose, which will be the outcome of the first, is to enable
	students to understand and become efficient users of the interpersonal nuances of
	English in different contexts.
	(MA Linguistics Program: PSO1 to PSO5, and PSO10)
	Learning outcomes:
	By the end of the course, students will
	• learn to adopt a trinocular perspective to study any spoken text in any given
	context.
	• acquire the systemic functional expertise to study/use the systems of
	INTONATION.
	• learn to use PRAAT for running experiments in the area of intonation.
	• acquire the necessary skills for making effective choices in the textual and
	interpersonal meanings in their everyday spoken interactions, and thereby
~ 1.11	become confident, and efficient users/speakers of English.
Course delivery	1. Lecture: theory
	2. Seminar: discussions/presentations3. Experiential learning: All the tutorial/lab sessions – working with PRAAT
	software
Evaluation scheme	Internal (modes of evaluation): 50
	1. Internals 1: 10
	2. Internals 2: 20 (Practical)
	3. Internals 3: 20 (Practical)
	End-semester (mode of evaluation): 50
	1. Term paper (Written+Practical): 50
Reading list	Essential reading
	1. Halliday, M.A.K. 1967. Intonation and Grammar in British English. The
	Hague: Mouton. 2. Halliday, M.A.K. 1970. <i>A Course in Spoken English: Intonation</i> . London:
	Oxford University Press.
	3.Halliday, MAK, and C.M.I.M. Matthiessen. 2004. <i>An Introduction to Functional</i>
	Grammar, 4th ed. London: Edward Arnold.
	Additional mading.
	Additional reading: As and when required
	730 and which required

Course Title	Linguistic Phonetics	
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course description	Existing course without changes	
Course Code	MALINGC 611	
Semester	III	
No. of Credits	4	
Maximum intake	30	
Day/ Time	Monday: 9.00 am - 11.00 am Friday: 11.00 am - 1.00 pm	
Name of the teacher/s	Prof. S. Jayaraju (Acoustics & IPA) Dr. Didla Grace (Articulatory)	
Course Description:	A brief overview of the course	
	The course 'Linguistic Phonetics' is an advanced level course which deals with the theoretical and practical aspects of three domains of Phonetics: articulation, IPA and acoustics. As part of the articulatory module, various speech mechanisms such as initiation, phonation, and articulation involved in the production of speech sounds, not just of English but also of other languages of the world are dealt with. IPA (International Phonetic Alphabet) is introduced and is backed by practice sessions in production, perception, and transcription of speech sounds. Similarly, theoretical inputs in acoustic phonetics are followed by hands on practical sessions in PRAAT (a speech analysis software), to enable learners get a grip on the acoustic analysis of speech. This skill is essential for students aiming to do research in the field of phonetics.	
	Pre-requisite: MALINGC 511 - Phonetics ands Spoken English	
	References	
	 Catford, J.C. (1977).Fundamental Problems in Phonetics. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press. Denes, P. and Pinson, E.N. (1993). The Speech Chain, 2nd ed.Oxford: W. H. Freeman and Company. Fry, D.B. (1979). The Physics of Speech. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Ladefoged, P. (1996). Elements of Acoustic Phonetics, 2nd ed.Chicago: University of Chicago Press. Ladefoged, P. and Johnson, K. (2001). A Course in Phonetics, 6th ed. Wadsworth: Cengage Learning. 	
	(i) Objectives of the course in terms of Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO of the Programme under which the course is being offered)	
	On completion of the course, the students will	

	CO1	Gain an in-depth understanding of the theoretical underpinnings of the three domains of phonetics: Articulation, IPA and Acoustics Grasp the various	PO1, PO2, PO3	Domain Domain
		articulatory mechanisms such as initiation, phonation and articulation involved in the production of speech	PO3	Specific
	CO3	Identify, produce, perceive and transcribe all the sounds of IPA	PO9, P10	Application of knowledge and skills
	CO4	Comprehend the physics behind the transmission of speech	PO1, PO2	Domain Specific
		sounds and acoustically analyse speech	PO9, P10	Application of knowledge and skillss
	CO5	Efficiently use speech analysis tools such as PRAAT, CSL, Mingogram, etc.	PO7,	Skill Enhancement s Application of knowledge and skills
	CO6	Apply the theoretical knowledge and analytical skills gained to describe and document Indian languages including lesser studied and endangered languages	PO13 PO14	Generic Learning
Course Delivery	Lecture			
Evaluation Scheme	 Internal Assessment: 40 % (3 internal tests of 20 marks each) Final Assessment: 60 % 			
Reading List	 Catford, J.C. (1977). Fundamental Problems in Phonetics. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press. Denes, P. and Pinson, E.N. (1993). The Speech Chain, 2nd ed.Oxford: W. H. Freeman and Company. Fry, D.B. (1979). The Physics of Speech. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Ladefoged, P. (1996). Elements of Acoustic Phonetics, 2nd ed.Chicago: University of Chicago Press. Ladefoged, P. and Johnson, K. (2001). A Course in Phonetics, 6th ed. Wadsworth: Cengage Learning. International Phonetic Association. (1999). Handbook of the International Phonetic Association: a guide to the use of the International Phonetic Alphabet. Cambridge: CUP. (Supplementary reading will be given as and when needed) 			

Course Title	Advanced Topics in Semantics
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course description	Existing course without changes
Course Code	MALINGE - 651
Semester	III
No. of Credits	4
Maximum intake	30
Day/ Time	Monday & Friday: 4.00 – 6.00 pm
Name of the teacher/s	Dr. Utpal Lahiri
Course Description:	This course is a continuation of Semantics I and is intended to give a basic introduction to advanced topics.
	Topics include:
	Logical Form and Quantifiers Generalized Quantifier Theory
	Lambda Calculus Adverbial Modification and Event Semantics; tense, aspect Anaphora and Indexicals.
Course Delivery	Lecture
Evaluation Scheme	Internals: 40 marks External: 60 marks
Reading List	Required text: Altshuler, D., T. Parsons and R. Schwarzschild (2018). A Course in Semantics. MIT Press. Recommended texts: Chierchia, G. and S. McConnell-Ginet (2000). Meaning and Grammar. MIT Press (2nd Edition) Heim, I. and von Fintel (2007). Notes on Intensional Semantics. Ms., MIT (downloadable)

Course title	Language and Gender
Category (Mention the	a. Existing course without changes
appropriate category	
(a/b/c) in the course	
description.)	
Course code	MALINGE 661
Semester	III
Number of credits	4
Maximum intake	40
Day/Time	Wednesday 9:00 - 11:00 am, Friday 2:00 - 4:00 pm
Name of the teacher/s	Smita Joseph
Course description	Include the following in the course description
	a) A brief overview of the course:
	This course explores the relationship between language and gender. It will introduce the earliest ideas regarding
	the language of women as given by Robin Lakoff and
	discuss the problems associated with these ideas. It will
	introduce the terms sex and gender and highlight the
	differences between the two concepts. The linguistic
	and non-linguistic resources that contribute to the
	making of male and female identities will also be
	discussed in the course. The course will also explore
	how language plays a role in changing gendered
	practices.
	b) Objectives of the course in terms of Programme
	Specific Outcomes (PSO of the Programme under
	which the course is being offered)
	By the end of the programme, students will: PO1 acquire an advanced knowledge of various
	branches of languages sciences (theoretical and
	applied) and emerging developments in the field:
	knowledge and understanding
	PO2 acquire procedural knowledge for analysis of
	languages leading to research and development:
	knowledge and understanding
	PO3 acquire theoretical and functional understanding
	of phonetics with special reference to English:
	knowledge and understanding
	PO4 gain knowledge of Indian linguistic tradition:
	knowledge and understanding
	PO5 acquire cognitive and technical skills to analyse
	various aspects of languages and synthesise ideas from
	a range of sources: <i>skills</i>
	PO6 attain advancedanalytical skills to evaluate
	research findings, to design and conduct research in
	various languages: skills
	PO7 gain expertise in using relevant tools to analyse
	linguistic data: skills
	PO8 applytheoreticaland technical knowledgeto
	analyse data from Indian and other languages:
	application
	PO9 apply advanced knowledge to carry out empirical
	studies in languages: application
	PO10 extendknowledge of linguistics to augment other
	disciplines such as Artificial Intelligence,
	Neuroscience, Cognitive Psychology, Forensic and
	Clinical Sciences, Legal Studies, Marketing,
	Diplomacy, etc.: application
	PO11 address language-related societal needs and
	issues: language planning, language maintenance,
	language standardisation, language variation and
	language and gender: generic

PO12 describe and documentlesser-studied endangered languages: generic PO13 plan, execute, and report the results of an investigation: generic c) Learning outcomes a) domain specific outcomes: CO1 Demonstrate a thorough awareness of the most important ideas and topics in the field of gender and language studies CO2 Understand how language reflects and constructs specifically how men and communicate and how language enacts femininity and masculinity CO3 Understand the language used by women, men, and children in a variety of circumstances, including casual conversation among friends and conversation in professional or public settings, arrived through a wide range of studies that the students will become familiar with **CO4** Understand how gender and identity can be analyzed in language, arrived through a variety of different theoretical and methodological frameworks **CO5** Understand the critical interaction with previous and contemporary approaches to the study of language and gender **CO6** Compare actual data produced by sociolinguistics and discourse analysis with folk linguistic and stereotyped concepts of gender **CO7** Acquire the knowledge and abilities necessary to conduct independent, empirical studies on language CO8 Be equipped to look at how languageshapes gender and other identities CO9 Understand gender and linguistic studies as an academic field of study, be familiar with its major concepts, history, assumptions, and theories/theorists, and recognize its epistemological and methodological diversity and character CO10 Examine how gender and power dynamics are portrayed in language **CO11** Demonstrate an understanding of the theoretical applications of language and gender studies in one's speech community CO12 Gain knowledge and sensitivity to the gender implications of the usage of English language in various circumstances CO13 Use appropriate spoken and written English to communicate in formal and academic settings b) value addition: The course enriches student competencies by bringing in gender sensitivity to various disciplines such as media, literature, sociology, education, anthropology, etc. c) skill-enhancement: Student-centric methods, such as experiential learning, participative learning and problem-solving methodologies are used for enhancing learning experiences Lecture method for all modules Course delivery Evaluation scheme Internal (modes of evaluation): Three internal exams (MCQs, case study test, written exam = 40%) End-semester (mode of evaluation): Written exam (60%) Reading list Essential reading: Eckert, P., & McConnell-Ginet, S. (2003). Language and gender.

Course title	An Intr	oduction to Language Acquisition			
Category (Mention	Existing course without changes				
the appropriate					
category (a/b/c) in the course					
description.)					
Course code	MALINGC 691				
Semester	III				
Number of credits	4 credits	S			
Maximum intake	40 intak	e			
	Prerequisite for the course				
	MALINGC 541: Syntax 1				
		MALINGC 531: Basic Issues in Morphology			
Day/Time		% Friday: 11.00 – 1.00 pm			
Name of the	Prof. Sl	nruti Sircar			
teacher/s					
Course description	(i) A	A brief introduction to the Course			
		ge Acquisition is an introductory cou	-		
		to acquire an understanding of the			
		ion, including how children learn words construct grammatically correct sentence	-		
		basic skills for carrying out child language			
	Issues c	Issues covered include collecting, describing and interpreting children's			
		d reporting research findings. Stude			
		nity to analyze some data from a child language.	who is in	the process of	
	learning	, language.			
	(ii) Objectives of the course in terms of Programme Specific				
	Outcomes (PSO of the Programme under which the course is				
		being offered)			
	On completion of the course, the students will				
	CO1	gain detailed knowledge of child	PO1	domain	
	CO2	language development	PO1	specific domain	
		learn about various language acquisition theories and theoretical debates in	POI	specific	
		language acquisition research		Брести	
	CO3	learn about the basic experimental	PO2	skill	
		procedures used to test children's linguistic knowledge		enhancement	
	CO4	learn how to collect samples of child	PO5,	skill	
		language from different languages and	PO7	enhancement	
	CO5	different age groups	DO6	skill	
		develop skills for analyzing children's spontaneous and elicited language	PO6, PO7	enhancement	
		production			
	CO6	apply knowledge of the features of child	PO6	domain	
		language to analyze children's language samples		specific	
	CO7	apply child language data to explain	PO9,	domain	
	~ -	linguistic theorization	PO10	specific	
	CO8	apply concepts learnt to understand language in children with disabilities	PO10, PO11,	value added	
Cause 1-1'	T - '	and disorders			
Course delivery	Lectured Data and	50% alysis 40%			
Evaluation scheme		(modes of evaluation): 3 sit down tests	(best 2) -	- 40%	
	End-semester (mode of evaluation): 1 sit down examination 60%				
	(open be	ook			

Reading list	Essential reading:
	Maria Teresa Guasti (2003). Language Acquisition: The
	Growth of Grammar. MIT Press.
	Additional reading
	1. O'Grady (2005). <i>How Children Learn Language</i> . Cambridge
	University Press.
	2. Barbara C Lust (2006). Child Language. Cambridge University
	Press.
	3. Erika Hoff (2013). Language Development. Cengage Books.
	4. Eve Clark (2016). First Language Acquisition. Cambridge
	University Press.

Course title	Research Methodology
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course description.)	Existing course without changes
Course code	MALINGRMC 698
Semester	III
Number of credits	4 credits
Maximum intake	30 intake
Day/Time	Wednesday: 4.00 pm – 6.00 pm Friday: 9.00 am – 11.00 am
Name of the teacher/s	Dr. Utpal Lahiri, Dr. Didla Grace Suneetha Dr. Meena Debashish & Dr. Neelam Singh
Course description	Introduction
	The Research Methodology course in linguistics aims to teach students the fundamental techniques and approaches used in linguistic research. It focuses on developing skills to design studies, collect and analyse data, and draw valid conclusions. Overall, the course aims to empower students with the tools and knowledge necessary to conduct rigorous and meaningful research in the field of linguistics. This course has three modules.
	Module1: Types of Research and Research Design
	This module is designed to enhance students' ability to critically evaluate existing linguistic research, identify gaps in the literature and contribute to the ongoing discourse in the field. It further equipslearners with the skills to identify research problems, formulate research questions, build hypotheses, and state objectives clearly. In addition, it also develops skills to build an appropriate research design based on the nature of enquiry.
	Module 2: Data Collection Techniques
	This module on field methods in linguistics typically involves collecting and documenting linguistic data. It introduces learners to various methods of gathering linguistic data, such as designing questionnaires and tests, interviews, surveys, experiments, audio recordings, and corpus analysis. It also equips learners with the knowledgeof using appropriate techniques and tools necessary to conduct effective and rigorous linguistic fieldwork. Emphasis is also laid on the importance of involving and collaborating with language speakers and communities throughout the research process. In addition, it also addresses the ethical issues related to linguistic research, such as consent, privacy, and cultural sensitivity.
	Module 3: Data Analysis and interpretation and Academic Writing
	This module focuses on training learners how to analyseand interpret linguistic data. It introduces students to the various instrumental techniques used in the analysis of linguistic/Phonetic data. Students will have hands-on experience in designing and conducting small-scale research projects, collecting linguistic data, analysing results, and drawing valid conclusions. Students will also learn about data analysis and experiments in syntax and semantics.
	This module also focuses on equipping learners with the required technical writing skills to present the literature review, description of the methodology used for the research experiment. It trains learners on how to paraphrase, use appropriate methods of in-text citation and referencing using APA style. It also draws their attention to the issue of plagiarism.
Course delivery	Lecture
Evaluation scheme	Internal: 40% (Assignments/ Presentations) External: 60% (Term Paper)

Reading list	 Bowern, C. 2015. Linguistic fieldwork: A practical guide. Springer. Chelliah, S. L., & De Reuse, W. J. 2010. Handbook of descriptive linguistic fieldwork. Springer Science & Business Media. De Laine, M. 2000. "Fieldwork, participation and practice: Ethics and dilemmas in qualitative research". Fieldwork, Participation and Practice, 1-240. Lee-Treweek, G., &Linkogle, S. (Eds.). 2000. Danger in the field: Risk and ethics in social research. Psychology Press. Newman, P., & Ratliff, M. (Eds.). 2001. Linguistic fieldwork. Cambridge University Press. Butcher, A. 2013. Research Methods in Phonetic Fieldwork. Bloomsbury Publishing. Staley, Kent W. 2014. An Introduction to the Philosophy of Science. Cambridge University Press. Sprouse, Jon. 2023. The Oxford Handbook of Experimental Syntax. Oxford University Press. Goodall, Grant. 2021. The Cambridge Handbook of Experimental Syntax. Cambridge University Press. Ball, Derek and Brian Rabern. 2018. The Science of Meaning. Oxford University Press.