Course Title	Phone	tics and Spoken Englisl	h	
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course description	Existin	g course without change	es	
Course Code	MACI	LINGE 411		
Semester	Ι			
No. of Credits	4			
Maximum intake	30 – 35	5		
Day/ Time		y: 2.00 – 4.00 pm ay: 11.00 am – 1.00 pm		
Name of the teacher/s	Dr. Dio	lla Grace Suneetha		
Course Description:	The conservation of the co	f overview of the course ourse 'Phonetics and Spals of Phonetics such ation of speech sounds (ce, stress at both word and softhe English languages, tutorials, and languages. The evaluation is base dication, and production	ooken E as the consonar d senten c, throug e lab pra d on the	Speech Mechanism, ats & Samp; vowels), ce levels, and prosodic th theoretical classroom actice oretical knowledge and
	Students will be able to			
	CO1	Obtain a sound theoretical knowledge of the Phonetics of English	PO3, PO8	Domain Specific Skill Enhancement
	CO2	Receive thorough training to identify and describe the phonemes of English language	PO2, PO3	Domain Specific
	CO3	Appreciate the patterns of word accent, sentences rhythm, and intonation (in various contexts) of English (RP) for better appreciation of the language and its efficient use	PO3	Domain Specific
	CO4	Acquire	PO3,	Domain Specifics
		pronunciation skills through the use of English dictionary	PO8	Skill Enhancement
	CO5	Overcome L1 interference and improve the intelligibility of their speech	PO8	Skill Enhancement
	CO6	Develop their Spoken English Skills to augment their employability	PO8	Skill Enhancement and Employability

Course Delivery	Lectures, Tutorials and Language Lab sessions	
Evaluation Scheme	Written examination and oral test	
Reading List	Prescribed Readings:	
	1. Gimson, A.C. 2008. Gimson's Pronunciation of English, 7 th ed. Revised by A Cruttenden. London: Hodder Education.	
	2. Roach, P. 2009. English Phonetics and Phonology: A Practical Course, 4 th ed. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.	
	Dictionary:	
	1. Jones, D. 2011. Cambridge English Pronouncing Dictionary, 18 th ed. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.	

Course title	BASIC	ISSUES IN MORPHOLOGY		
Category (Mention	a. Existing course without changes			
the appropriate				
category (a/b/c) in				
the course				
description.) Course code	MACLI	NGC 431		
Semester	I	1100 431		
Number of credits	4 credits			
Maximum intake		sory course for MA LING, MACL,	MA Cafe	teria & BA 1 th
Widamium make	Sem – 6		WIA Calc	icha & BA 4
Day/Time	_	: 11.00 am – 1.00 pm		
Buy/Time	_	lay: 9:00 am to 11:00 pm		
Name of the		ruti Sircar		
teacher/s				
Course description	(i)	A brief overview of the course		
a compared accompared	()	a word? Do the things we put spaces	around wh	nen we write
		nd to anything in our mental gramma		
		ogy relate to phonology, and to other		
		x and semantics? To what extent do the		
		tures and forms of words need to be grammar, and to what extent are they		
		es which hold of the language faculty		-
		answer these and other questions by e		
		ena from across the world's language		
	language	es which are (at least superficially) ve	ery differe	nt from it.
	.,	01: 4: 64	CD	c .c
	i)	Objectives of the course in terms of	_	-
		Outcomes (PSO of the Programme	e under wi	iich the course
	Studente	is being offered) will be able to		
	Students	will be able to		
	CO1	acquire an understanding of the	PO1,	domain
		major morphological phenomena	PO2	specific
		found in the world's languages	7.01	<u> </u>
	CO2	learn about the major theoretical issues and approaches used to study	PO1, PO2	domain specific
		morphology	FO2	specific
	CO3	obtain skills to identify the major	PO5,	skill
		morphological operations/ processes	PO6	enhancement
	CO4	in natural languages learn to represent morphosyntactic	PO5,	skill
		structure diagrammatically	PO6	enhancement
	CO5	learn to represent morpheme-by-	PO7	skill
	000	morpheme glossing for language data	DO10	enhancement
	CO6	Apply concepts and skills learnt to analyze and present morphological	PO10	skill enhancement
		patterns in languages		
	CO7	Provide argumentation to explain	PO11	domain
		morphological phenomena		specific
	ii)	Learning outcomes—a) domain sp	ecific out	comes b) value
	11)	addition/c) skill-enhancement/d)		*
		(Please highlight the portion that s		
Course delivery	Lecture			/
		lysis 50%		
Evaluation scheme		(modes of evaluation): 2 sit down tes	ts, and an	assignment
	(best 2) -40%			
	End-semester (mode of evaluation): 1 sit down examination 60%			
	(open bo	ook)		
D 11 11 1				
Reading list	Essentia	l reading		

- 1. Bauer, Laurie. (2003). Introducing Linguistic Morphology. Washington, D.C.: Georgetown University Press.
- 2. Lieber, Rochelle (2012). Introducing Morphology. Cambridge University Press.

Additional reading

- 1. Aronoff, Mark, and Kirsten Fudeman. 2011. What is morphology? 2nd edition. West Sussex, UK: Wiley-Blackwell.
- 2. Katamba, F. & J.T. Stonham. 2006. *Morphology*. Palgrave Macmillan.
- 3. Booij, Geert. 2007 *The Grammar of Words. An Introduction to linguistic Morphology*. 2nd ed. OUP.
- 4. Spencer, A. and Zwicky, A. 1998. *The Handbook of Morphology*. Blackwell.
- 5. Haspelmath, Martin, and Andrea Sims. (2010). Understanding Morphology. 2nd Edition. London: Hodder Education.

Course Title	Basic issues in Syntax
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course description	Existing course without changes
Course Code Semester	MACLINGC 441
No. of Credits Maximum intake	Compulsory course for MA LING, MACL, MA Cafeteria & BA 4 th Sem – 6 0 intake
Day/ Time Name of the teacher/s	Monday: 4.00 – 6.00 pm Wednesday: 11.00 am – 1.00 pm Dr. Anish Koshy & Dr.K.J. Gouthaman
Course Description:	The course begins by introducing the notion of a phrase, discusses the structure of different phrases, along with the basic properties of phrases. Then, descriptive devices like tree diagrams and labelled bracketing are presented; how phenomena like ambiguity can be handled is illustrated. This is followed by an introduction to the Chomskyanprogramme in Linguistics, as enunciated in the Government and Binding (GB) model. Though it is English data that are primarily dealt with, data from other languages, in particular Indian languages, are also used as and when necessary. Objectives and Learning outcome The course is designed in such a way that the learner, by the time he/she finishes the course, gets a sound understanding of a) the modular structure of Universal Grammar and b) the intricate interaction of the independent modules that outputs all and only sentences of language. The learner is also, in the ideal scenario, not only ready but eager to do the next course in syntax. Module 1 Phrases and clauses, structure of clauses, constituency tests, PS rules, IC analysis Module 2 The "mystery" of language acquisition in young children, poverty of stimulus, LAD Module 3 The Aspects model, the need for multilevel approach to syntax, Module 4 Universal Grammar, the Principles and Parameters model, projection principle, theta criterion, X-bar theory, case filter, government, PRO and control theory, Binding Principle
Course Delivery Evaluation Scheme	Lecture mode with exercises and assignments for self-learning 40 % internal & 60 % final
	Three tests will be given, and the best two performances will be counted for the internal grade. The final exam will be a three-hour sit-down exam.
Reading List	Bickerton, D., &Szathmáry, E. (Eds.). (2009). Biological foundations and origin of syntax (Vol. 3). Mit Press. Carnie, A. (2009). ConstituentStructure. United Kingdom: OUP Oxford. Carnie, A. (2021). Syntax: A generative introduction. John Wiley & Sons. Miller, J. (2016). Introduction to English Syntax. Germany: Edinburgh University Press. Rauh, G. (2010). Syntactic Categories: Their Identification and Description in Linguistic Theories. United Kingdom: OUP Oxford. Van Valin, R. D. (2001). An Introduction to Syntax. United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press. Apart from these some primary texts and articles may be given for presentations and readings

Course title	Introd	uction to Systemic Function	al Lingu	istics
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course description.)	a. Existing course without changes			
Course code	MACLINGE 516			
Semester	I I			
Number of credits	4			
Maximum intake	30			
Day/Time	1	y: 11.00 am – 1.00 pm		
Buyi Time		lay: 2.00 pm- 4.00 pm		
Name of the teacher/s	Dr. Meena Debashish			
Course description	A brief overview of the course			
	This course introduces the Systemic Functional Linguistic Theory, a social semiotic theory of language, which focuses on the function 'meaning in context' aspect of language, and its 'appliability'. Therefore, the course is designed to study the systems of meaning (experiential, interpersonal, and textual) at different strata of language, and how one system relates to the other to get a trinocular perspective of language. We will be looking at the grammar of English in terms of patterns and functions, and working with the grammar of whole texts in contexts with the help of the UAM Corpus Tool (text annotation). At the end			
	of the course, the aim is to acquire a working knowledge of the systemic functional theory for the analysis of texts not just in English but other languages as well.			
	 Objectives of the course (COs) in terms of Programme Specific Outcomes(PSOs) Learning outcomes (LOs) —a) domain-specific outcomes b) value addition/c) skill-enhancement/d) 			
	employability quotient At the end of the course, students will			
		COs	PSOs	LOs
	CO1	acquire a theoretical understanding of Systemic Functional Linguistics	PSO1 PSO2	domain Specific
	CO2	learn to adopt a trinocular perspective to study spoken English texts in various contexts of situations	PSO5 PSO6	skill enhancement
	CO3	acquire the systemic functional expertise to study/use the meaning making systems of English language	PSO5 PSO6 PSO7	skill enhancement
	CO4	learn to use the UAM Corpus tool to study/run experiments	PSO5 PSO6 PSO7	skill enhancement
	CO5	be able to identify their needs as L2 users of English and address them	PSO8 PSO12 PSO15	skill enhancement; value addition; employability quotient
	CO6	acquire the necessary skills for making effective choices in experiential, textual and interpersonal meanings in written and spoken texts, and thereby become confident, and efficient users/speakers of English	PSO8 PSO12 PSO15	skill enhancement; value addition; employability quotient
Course delivery	i Leo	eture 50%		

Lecture 50%

Course delivery

	Experiential learning 50%: tutorial sessions – working with UAM Corpus
	Tool
Evaluation scheme	Internal (modes of evaluation):50%
	1. Sit-down test
	2. Practical test
	End-semester (mode of evaluation):50%
	1. Sit-down Exam/Term paper (Written+Practical)
Reading list	Essential reading
	1. Butt, D, Fahey R, Feez S, Spinks, S, & C Yallop. (2000). Using
	Functional Grammar: An Explorer's Guide, 2nd ed. Sydney:
	Macquarie University.
	2. Eggins, S.& D. Slade. (1997). Analyzing Casual
	Conversation. New York: Continuum.
	3. Halliday, M.A.K. (2014). Halliday's Introduction to Functional
	Grammar, 4 th ed (Revised by Christian M.I.M. Matthiessen.
	London: Routledge.
	Software:
	1. UAM Corpus Tool, Version 2.4.2. Mick O' Donnell 2007

Course Title	MACLINGE 571
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course description	Existing course without changes
Course Code	Introduction to Mathematical Linguistics
Semester	Semester I
No. of Credits	4
Maximum intake	50
Day/ Time	Tuesday & Thursday: 4.00 – 6.00 pm
Name of the teacher/s	Dr. Utpal Lahiri
Course Description:	Set theory, Propositional logic, Relations and Functions, Predicate Calculus, Modal Logic, Algebraic Structures (Orders, lattices, Boolean Algebras). Textbook: Partee, B., R. Wall and A. Ter Meulen (1990). Mathematical Methods in Linguistics. Springer.
Course Delivery	Lecture
Evaluation Scheme	Internals (40%), Final (60%)
Reading List	

Course title	Introduction To Natural Language Processing
Category (Mention the appropriate category (a/b/c) in the course	a. Existing course without changes
description.)	
Course code	MACLINGC 581
Semester	I
Number of credits	4
Maximum intake	40
Day/Time	Monday and Wednesday: 2.00 pm – 4.00 pm
Name of the teacher/s	Prof. M. Hari Prasad & Dr. Atreyee Sharma
Course description	(i)The course presents an overview of the different areas and applications of Computational Linguistics. It deals with a wide range of topics in NLP (Natural Language Processing). There are introductory concepts introduced about What is NLP, Computational Morphology, Computational Phonology, Morphological and Shallow Parsers, and a few basics concepts on Regular Expressions- how to use RegEx and write simple code. (ii) To understand the basic concept of NLP, how it is related to AI and Computational Linguistics. History of NLP, stages of development in the field of computational linguistics and its relation to the bigger research areas like AI and Language Computation. To understand and introduce Computational Morphology and Phonology, basic theories of both morphology and phonology to relate to computation. To understand how computational morphology is related to parsing and information retrieval and machine translation later. How do transducers and FSA solve the problem of large scale morphological and phonological analysis and generation. (iii) Students will gain an understanding of the fact that through the offering of several basic and advanced courses in Computational Linguistics, it will allow us to bridge the gap that will integrate computer science and linguistic-theoretical approaches to NLP. Students will understand the fact that in the past two decades, research in Computational Linguistics has seen remarkable growth, both in terms of coverage of the many languages in India and advancement in scientific practice. By exposing them to the basic concepts in CL, students will also be able to identify theoretical approaches that lead to produce such advancement in CL.
Course delivery	Lectures
Evaluation scheme	Internal (modes of evaluation): Assignment and test (40 marks) End-semester (mode of evaluation): Written test (60 marks)
Reading list	 ESSENTIAL READING: Study material will be provided on all topics. These would be based primarily on content from the following texts: Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech Recognition (3rd Edition) Book by Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin 2021 Agresti, A. (2002). Categorical data analysis. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Miller, G. A. and Chomsky, N. (1963). Finitary models oflanguage users. In Luce, R. D., Bush, R. R., and Galanter, E. (Eds.), Handbook of Mathematical Psychology, Source Book for Linguistics Book by William Cowan, Jaromira Rakušan 1987 ADDITIONAL READING: Austin, J. L. (1962). How to do things with words. Oxford

Baldwin, T. and S. N. Kim (2010). Multiword expressions. In Handbook of natural language processing, Volume 2. Boca Raton, USA: CRC Press.

Bobrow, D. G., R. M. Kaplan, M. Kay, D. A. Norman, H. Thompson, and T. Winograd (1977). Gus, a frame-driven dialog system. Artificial intelligence 8(2), 155–173

Botha, J. A. and P. Blunsom (2014). Compositional morphology for word representations and language modelling. See icm (2014). Creutz, M. and K. Lagus (2007). Unsupervised models for morpheme segmentation and morphology learning. ACM Transactions on Speech and Language Processing (TSLP) 4(1), 3 Dreyfus, H. L. (1992). What computers still can't do: a critique of artificial reason. MIT press.

Haspelmath, M. and A. Sims (2013). Understanding morphology. Routledge.

Jurafsky, D. and J. H. Martin (2019). Speech and Language Processing (Third ed.). Prentice Hall.